Transitions Times

Transitions Health Care 8850 Barnes Lake Rd. North Huntingdon, PA 15642



Celebrating February

Library Lovers Month

Bird-Feeding Month

Spunky Old Broads Month

Groundhog Day *February 2*

Super Bowl LII *February 4*

XXIII Winter Olympics *February 9–25*

Fat Tuesday *February 13*

Valentine's Day *February 14*

Ash Wednesday February 14

XXIII Winter Olympics

From February 9–25, the world's greatest athletes will compete for gold medals and glory at the XXIII Winter Olympics. South Korea will host the winter games in Pyeongchang, a city in Gangwon Province, high in the Taebaek Mountains of the north.

Chief among the battles to play out on snow and ice will be the contest for men's hockey gold. For the past five Winter Olympics, players from the National Hockey League have participated in the Olympics. This year the NHL is not building a break into its schedule to allow players to compete in the Olympics, a matter that is not sitting well with the athletes. The USA hopes to compete with Russia, Canada, Sweden, and Finland for the coveted medal.

Elsewhere on the ice, Russia's 17-year-old Evgenia Medvedeva is favored for gold in women's figure skating, but 17-year-old American Karen Chen is an up-and-coming phenom who might surprise the world. On the men's side, American Nathan Chen could take gold if he continues to impress with innovative new jumps.

On the slopes, Americans Lindsey Vonn and Mikaela Shiffrin are poised to make a run for gold in downhill skiing. Shaun White, red-haired maestro of the snowboard half-pipe, has been a fan favorite since he took gold in 2006.

Canada took gold in men's and women's curling in 2014. Will they repeat? While Germany swept all luge events in the Sochi Olympics, the Austrians will provide stiff competition this time. In bobsleigh, Nigeria will attempt to field its first-ever team as three former women's track stars introduce the cool sport to the African continent. And beyond sports, South Korea is introducing innovative technological advances to the Olympics—virtual reality will change the way we watch the games. These Winter Games are sure to offer both sport and spectacle.

RECIPE OF THE MONTH

Creamy Valentine Hearts Ingredients:

- 1/2 cup butter, room temperature
- 3 ounces cream cheese
- 1 cup sugar
- 1 egg
- 1/2 teaspoon vanilla
- 2 cups flour
- 1/2 teaspoon baking powder
- Red food coloring

Directions

- 1. Preheat oven to 350°F.
- 2. Place butter, cream cheese, sugar, egg, and vanilla in the bowl of a stand mixer.
- 3. Combine flour and baking powder in a medium bowl.
- 4. Gradually add flour mixture into the butter mixture. Stir in food coloring.
- 5. Cover and chill dough for one hour.
- 6. Roll dough to 1/4-inch thickness. Cut dough with heart-shaped cookie cutters.
- 7. Bake 8-10 minutes.
- 8. Allow to cool before serving. *Makes 2 dozen*



CONGRATULATIONS!
Transitions Resident Council
Recognizes
Adrienne Ermlick, CNA
As an outstanding employee for February

Stick to Your Chops

Put away the forks and spoons—February 6 is Chopsticks Day. Today, over a quarter of the world's population uses these utensils for eating, but 5,000 years ago the first chopsticks were developed in China as a cooking tool. It was Confucius who said, "The honorable and upright man keeps well away from both the slaughterhouse and the kitchen. And he allows no knives at the table." This alone may have made chopsticks the preferred utensil in China. By the year AD 500, chopsticks had spread to Vietnam, Korea, and Japan, although in Japan chopsticks were originally used strictly in religious ceremonies. To the uninitiated, the use of chopsticks can be fraught with peril. One should never stand their chopsticks up in a bowl of rice, for it looks like the way rice is offered during a funeral ceremony. And never rest your chopsticks sideways across the top of a dish—use chopsticks holders!

Tip the Scales for Pangolins



February 17 is World Pangolin Day. What is a pangolin, you ask? It's one of the world's most unique animals. They are found in

Africa, India, and across Asia. Covered in scales resembling a pinecone, the pangolin looks like a cross between an armadillo and an opossum. When threatened, the pangolin curls up into a ball, gaining protection and defense from the hard, sharp scales. They even spray a noxious smell similar to a skunk. Like anteaters. these animals eat insects with long tongues that are longer than the pangolin's body when fully extended. Sadly, these unique qualities have made it highly desirable; it is the most illegally trafficked animal in the world. Poachers hunt and sell pangolins for their scales, skin, and meat. Efforts to save them often fall flat because pangolins are secretive and elusive animals with very specific needs. Perhaps one of the best ways to help save pangolins is to learn more about them. Once people meet these creatures, they can't help but love them.

February's Feathered Friends



February is Bird-Feeding Month. During the cold, harsh winter, it is especially difficult for wild birds to find food, so everyone is encouraged to provide food, water, and shelter

to help birds survive, and birds do need our help. One-third of the North American overwintering bird population has declined since 1966. And one-third of all North American bird species are at risk of extinction, with birds in arid, grassland, and coastal climates at greatest risk. A little bit of winter seed to augment their daily catch of insects could be enough to get them to springtime nesting season.

Not only can you help birds by feeding them this February but simple observations conducted during the Great Backyard Bird Count (GBBC) from February 16 to 19 can inform scientists about winter bird populations. During this four-day event, participants can spend as little as 15 minutes per day identifying birds in their own backyards and submitting that list to scientists via birdcount.org. Lasy year, 160,000 birders participated, from amateurs to experts, creating a global snapshot of world bird populations. Since birds are always on the move, such counts are important for scientists to see where populations come and go, where certain species congregate, whether diseases are affecting birds in specific regions, how species are coping with habitat loss and pollution, and how weather changes are affecting populations.

Citizen science—the practice of regular citizens aiding scientists in their research—is an important part of ornithology. The more people who participate, the more data is gathered, and the more accurate a picture of bird health. Citizen science birding projects are not limited to February. From November though April, birders can paricipate in Project FeederWatch. Every fall, people gather in the mountains and hills to count migrating hawks and raptors. Journey North is an annual count of migrating hummingbirds during the spring. So grab your binoculars and field guide and get counting!

FEBRUARY OUTINGS AND SPECIAL EVENTS

Feb. 1...Food Committee Meeting

Feb. 2...Root Beer Float Social with Bridges Hospice

Feb. 7...Heart Pizza with Nichole

Feb. 8...Lunch & Movie Outing

Feb. 9...Feathered Friends Scavenger Hunt

Feb. 12...Winter Olympics, Downhill Skiing

Feb. 13...Fat Tuesday Celebration

Feb. 14...Valentine's Day Celebration with Rick Bruening

Feb. 15... Winter Olympics Ice Hockey

Feb. 16...Chinese New Year Bingo

Feb. 19...Winter Olympics Snowball Toss

Feb. 20...Winter Olympics Wheelchair Races

Feb. 21...Resident Council Meeting

Feb. 22...Lunch at Gianilli's

Feb. 23...Ruthy's Auction House

Feb. 26...Resident's Rights Bingo

Feb 28...Resident Birthday Party with Wayne Shaffer

Making Hearts Whole



February is Mend-a-Broken-Heart Month, and scientists are quick to argue that hearts can really be broken as a result of extreme grief or social rejection. Brain studies show a direct connection between emotions

and physical health. But the good news is that both can be mended. Heartbreak is often the result of feelings of loss after a breakup. Psychologists explain that spending time with a romantic partner causes your identities to become intertwined. Losing or being rejected by that partner, therefore, leads to feelings of confusion due to a loss of your sense of self. The best way to mend your heart is to become yourself again: exercise, try new hobbies, socialize with other people. All of these things will challenge you to rediscover your joys and fall in love with yourself all over again in the process.

Where Music Meets Medicine



You may have heard of the healing power of music, but have you heard of sound healing? This is the belief that sound, music, and chants can heal the sick. Skeptical? Try listening to the beats for yourself on February 14, the 16th annual World Sound Healing Day.

People have relaxed to soothing sounds for a long time. Falling rain, wind blowing through trees, and singing crickets are easy to summon on bedside clocks and electronic devices. But true sound healing is an ancient form of medicine. Many different cultures have used the power of sound to restore health and relieve pain. Chanting, the deep vibrations of an Aboriginal didgeridoo, gongs, Tibetian singing bowls, tuning forks—all of these tools produce deep, resonant sounds typical of a sound healing, or sound therapy, session. But do they really work?

While music is a known de-stressor, there are no studies that demonstrate definite health benefits of sound therapy. But patients who feel a release from both physical pain and emotional stress beg to differ, as do sound healers. Some healers explain that sound vibrations are not just heard but felt in ways that lower heart rate, relax brain wave patterns, and reduce respiratory rates. Other healers claim that they can tune instruments such as gongs to the vibration of planet Earth and other celestial bodies. A good gong emits a healing energy wave that can stimulate all the cells and nerves in the body. If sickness is due to the body's frequencies being out of tune, healing vibrations restore these frequencies to balance. Still others explain that, like acupuncture, sound therapy unblocks and redirects the energy throughout the body.

When it comes to the power of sound healing, theories abound. Perhaps the best way to think about sound healing is that it is akin to the power of prayer. Jonathan Goldman, director of the Sound Healers Association, believes that vocalizing what you want a sound to accomplish can help you heal yourself and others.

February Birthdays

In astrology, those born between February 1–18 are Water Bearers of Aquarius. They are creative and intellectual philosophers at heart, getting to the root of problems and using their energy and passion for the benefit of others. Those born between February 19–28 are born under Pisces. Friendly and selfless, they are always willing to help others with their hearts on their sleeves. Thanks to an intuitive understanding of life, Pisces make deep connections with other living beings.

Rose R. – Feb. 2nd
Bruce W. – Feb. 6th
Paul G. – Feb. 6th
Edward C. – Feb. 9th
Ed K. – Feb. 11th
Marc E. Feb. 18th
Esther L. – Feb. 19th
Mildred K. – Feb. 20th
Mary D. – Feb. 26th
Rose R. – Feb. 27th

Walt Kingera, Administrator
Tammy Stollar, Director of Nursing
Leslie King, Asst. Director of Nursing
Pat Wagner, Admissions Director
Rob Kalas, Social Service Director
Mark Wargo, Maintenance Director
Sandy Bertani, Business Office Mgr.
Kim Bartos, Environmental Services
Jackie Austin, Dietary Manager
Marsha Kirker-Bozich, Life Enrichment
Director

Don't forget to vote for your Valentine Queen and King. Ballots are available in the activity office.

Transitions WIFI 8005511236